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CP. 4000.17  
Municipal Police.

C. I. D.  
I. O. I.  
No. 4060  
Date 29/8/21

Central Station

August 28, 1921.

**REPORT ON Leaflet advocating the abolition of extraterritoriality.**

Made by D.I. Sullivan.

Forwarded by Director of Criminal Intelligence

Sir,

A specimen of the attached leaflet was given to Chief Detective Inspector Traissac of the French Police on August 27. Chief Inspector Traissac states that it was forwarded to the French Consul General so that steps could be taken in Peking.

Two more samples have been obtained by the French Police of which the Police have proof that they came to Shanghai from Peking by post, and the French Police are of opinion that no good would come of taking steps against the local office of the National Organizations Union.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. Sullivan  
D.I.

D.O.I.

The attached leaflet was obtained from the National Organizations Union of China, 104 Seu Teh Lee (徐德利), Rue Amiral Bayle, on August 26. There is reason to believe that the leaflets emanate from Peking. A Translation is as follows :-

"Telegram to the Provincial Assemblies, Chambers of Commerce, educational associations and all public organizations in all provinces and special districts.

Extraterritoriality meddles with our national sovereignty and insults our nation. Despite the fact that extraterritoriality should not exist among nations of equal standing and that there are reasons supporting the withdrawal of same, foreigners seized this right. While their control over their own nationals already seems unreasonable, it is more extraordinary that they, as guests, deprived the hosts of their rights and also control us, Chinese. Moreover, the Settlement in Shanghai is contrary to treaty. Since the Court (Mixed Court?) was established, we, Chinese, are treated cruelly. We, Chinese citizens, have been ruled under the filthy majesty of foreign races, like slaves of a ruined nation, or dogs who missed their masters, our lives being at random, money and property squeezed, customs demoralized, human standard cruelly regarded, liberty confined, fame damaged. In some cases they even acted in disobedience of the law. Chinese lawyers are not allowed to practise in the Court, criticism and comments are prohibited, newspapers are forbidden to publish frank accounts, Chinese merchants never have a voice in the local government in which event justice is buried, and Chinese defendants are not permitted to argue. Besides, they, by all severe and cruel means collect taxes and rates,

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with their amounts increased year by year. This is extremely cruel. The authorities concerned strike passers-by with whips and disinter the bodies of the dead. Innocent beggars are confined and not given any food. Detectives and policemen are like wolves and tigers, while detective sergeants and interpreters look like wild beasts. These men always find fault with others in the hope that the latter may be fined and offended. There are all sorts of such secret actions and you can never enumerate them. Such are the consequences of extraterritoriality. We, the undersigned, have lived in Shanghai for a considerable length of time, and what we heard and saw are all true facts. As we cannot endure any longer, we, sometime during the last Autumn within the limits of this tiger-and-wolf-like scope, gathered together sympathetic people from all provinces and secretly organized ourselves in a body. We have subsequently forwarded a report and sent men to Peking to petition the Government. The government has promised to consider our petition and will negotiate about this matter. We started with the aim of securing a good result and have always been planning for same. However, our ability is very little, and being in the fear that we might fail to obtain a good and quick result, and as your society love the nation, her sovereign rights and sympathize with the sufferings of the people, we specially send you this telegram informing you of the whole thing and requesting that a delegate of your society be sent here to Peking in order that a last petition or a joint telegram be despatched to the government requesting it to demand the abolition of extraterritorial rights. If your society agree with us, please inform us of the name of your delegate and the date of his arrival at Peking, so that we can extend our welcome.

We await your answer.

(sd) Li Zee Ming 李濟民

Tsiang Tao Sing 蔣陶卿

Woo Tsou 吴兆

Tue Mon Pai 余夢斐

Woo Sau Ching 吳少卿

Tsu Chien Pee 朱堅培

Liu Tsong 劉中

Tsoo Tong Ming 佐東明

Wong Ya Tum 王亞德

Tung Tsung Foo 通震甫

members of "The Society to Petition for  
the Return of the Settlement and Legal Rights".

Stamped : "Fight for National Rights" (為國爭權)

Note - Although we are members of an organized body, the expenses incurred are paid by ourselves. For several months we have lacked money. However we are doing our best to financially support the society. Please pardon should we neglect in extending our welcome to your delegate. The address of the Peking office is :-

Li Yih Foong 李一鳳

c/o Wu Hsang Guiao, 吳彙光居士

Foo Fong Jao 佛淨齋

The attached leaflet was obtained from the National Organizations Union of China, 104 Seu Teh Lee (樹德里), Rue Amiral Bayle, on August 25. There is reason to believe that the leaflets emanate from Peking. A Translation is as follows :-

"Telegram to the Provincial Assemblies, Chambers of Commerce, educational associations and all public organizations in all provinces and special districts.

Extraterritoriality meddles with our national sovereignty and insults our nation. Despite the fact that extraterritoriality should not exist among nations of equal standing and that there are reasons supporting the withdrawal of such, foreigners seized this right. While their control over their own nationals already seems unreasonable, it is more extraordinary that they, as guests, deprived the hosts of their rights and also control us, Chinese. Moreover, the Settlement in Shanghai is contrary to treaty. Since the Court (Mixed Court) was established, we, Chinese, are treated cruelly. We, Chinese citizens, have been ruled under the filthy majesty of foreign racos, like slaves of a ruined nation, or dogs who missed their masters, our lives being at random, money and property squeezed, cutters down clinched, human standard cruelly regarded, liberty confined, fame damaged. In some cases they even acted in disobedience of the law. Chinese lawyers are not allowed to practise in the Court, criticism and comments are prohibited, newspapers are forbidden to publish frank accounts, Chinese merchants never have a voice in the local government in which event justice is buried, and Chinese defendants are not permitted to argue. Besides, they, by all severe and cruel means collect taxes and rates,

with their amounts increased year by year. This is extremely cruel. The authorities concerned strike passers-by with whips and disinter the bodies of the dead. Innocent boggars are confined and not given any food. Detectives and policemen are like wolves and tigers, while detective sergeants and interpreters look like wild beasts. These men always find fault with others in the hope that the latter may be fined ~~and~~ offended. There are all sorts of such secret actions and you can never exonerate them. Such are the consequences of extraterritoriality. We, the undersigned, have lived in Shanghai for a considerable length of time, and what we have related are all true facts. As we cannot endure any longer, we, therefore during the last Autumn within the limits of this tiger-and-wolf-like scope, gathered together sympathetic people from all provinces and secretly organized ourselfs in a body. We have subsequently forwarded a report and sent you to government in petition. The government has promised to consider our petition and will negotiate about this matter. It started with the aim of securing a good result and we have almost succeeded for now. However, our society is very small, and failing in the fact that we might fail to obtain a final and full result, and as your society love the nation, their sovereign rights and sympathize with the sufferings of the people, we specially request you to tell us in informing you of the whole thing and hope that the Chinese government and your society be work hard to obtain an order that a joint petition or a joint letter be communicated to the government requesting it to do not the abel idea of extraterritorial rights. If your society agree with us, please inform us of the name of your delegate and the date of his arrival at Beijing, so that we can welcome him whole one.

We await your answer.

(sd) Li Zee King 李齊民

Tsiang Tso Sing 蔣作新

Woo Tsou 吳超

Tse Nom Pai 朱夢班

Woo Sau Ching 何少卿

Tsu Chien Foo 朱劍飛

Liu Tsong 劉中

Tsao Tong King 左東明

Wong Ya Sun 王亞雄

Yung Thung Foo 龍騰甫

members of "The Society to Petition for

the Return of the Settlement and Naval Rights".

Stamped : "Fight for National Rights" (為國爭權)

Note - Although we are members of an unorganized body, the expenses incurred are paid by ourselves. For several months we have lacked money. However we are doing our best to finance our own and the society. Please therefore extend us credit for our future trip welcome to your city. This will be done at my office in :

Li Yim Fung 李一鳳

c/o Mr. Kueang G. Lai, 胡廣衡

Foo Fong Joo 虎方舟